## Southwest LRT

## Technical Memorandum No. 7B

# OPERATING COST EVALUATION 

PRELIMINARY<br>FOR REVIEW ONLY

September 9, 2009
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### 1.0 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE COSTS (O\&M)

Operating and Maintenance Costs (O\&M) are defined as the ongoing annual costs to operate and maintain each LRT alternative. The O\&M costs are presented for the operation of the Southwest LRT Build alternatives as a stand alone estimate and for the total transit system. The System Wide Transit O\&M costs are utilized in the calculation of cost effectiveness. All costs are stated in 2008 dollars. The System Wide O\&M costs are based on 2030 transit service levels and assume a peak service is six hours in length and off-peak service is 13 hours in length.

O \& M costs consist of the ongoing costs associated with operating, maintaining, and managing the transit system. These costs typically include:

- Labor costs
- Fuel and electricity
- Parts and materials
- Non-labor operating costs to maintain support facilities (stations, bus stops, transit centers, maintenance facilities, etc.)
- Administrative costs including labor, supplies, building operations, communications, etc.
- Insurance

The methodology used in this memorandum is based on the Central Corridor LRT Project Technical Memorandum: O\&M Cost Methodology \& Results September 2, 2008. The Central Corridor project developed a cost model that assigns O\&M costs to categories in order to define basic unit costs to calculate O\&M costs that vary with the level of operations. These are considered variable costs. Variable costs are those where the cost of the function is dependent on the volume of activity. For example, the cost of operating a bus is stated in a unit of $\$ 3.01$ per mile. As the total miles of bus service change, the associated cost of that activity or function can be adjusted. Fixed costs are those that do not directly change with service levels. These costs include costs such as administrative salaries, offices, basic insurance, and administrative offices. Tables 3-1 and 3-2 display the variable cost categories and the unit costs assigned to each for bus and rail operations.

Table 3-1-Variable Cost Drivers, Bus

| Category | Unit Cost |
| :--- | :---: |
| Annual Revenue Miles of Service | $\$$ |
| Annual Revenue Hours of Service | $\$ 348.20$ |
| Peak Buses | $\$ 35,254.00$ |

Variable costs of the bus operations are $80 \%$ of the total $O \& M$ costs. Therefore, fixed cost are $20 \%$ (Total variable costs/. $80=$ total costs. Total costs - variable costs $=$ fixed cost).

Table 3-2 Variable Cost Drivers, Rail

| Category | Unit Cost |
| :--- | :--- |
| Annual Revenue Car Miles | $\$$ |
| Annual Revenue Train Hours | $\$ .93$ |
| Peak Cars | $\$ 49.45$ |
| Directional Track Miles | $\$ 137,446.00$ |
| Stations | $\$ 204,295.00$ |


| Category | Unit Cost |
| :--- | :---: |
| Vehicle Maintenance and Storage Facility / vehicle | $\$ 73,148$ |

Variable costs of the rail operations are $86 \%$ of the total O\&M costs. Therefore, fixed costs are $14 \%$ (Total variable costs/. $86=$ total costs. Total costs - variable costs $=$ fixed cost).

The Central Corridor O\&M methodology assigned a variable cost of \$1,755,556 to the Vehicle Maintenance \& Storage Facility (VMSF). For the estimate of O\&M costs for the Southwest LRT Build alternatives, this value was converted to a cost per vehicle in order to account for the differences in fleet size associated with the alternatives. The calculation to determine the VMSF cost per vehicle is:

## $\$ 1,755,556 \times 2$ yards $=\$ 73,148$ per vehicle 48 vehicles

When calculating the system wide O\&M costs, the cost per VMSF value was used.
For purposes of calculating the O\&M costs for the Southwest LRT Build alternatives, it was assumed that the Southwest LRT and Central Corridor would interline and that the hours and levels of service (peak, off-peak frequency) established by the Central Corridor would apply to Southwest LRT. It was also assumed that Southwest LRT would be responsible to account for all costs of operation from the Intermodal station to the end of line for each Build alternative and that all trains would consist of 2 cars.

The base value of miles and hours of service are calculated for an average weekday. In order to convert these average daily values to annualized values it is necessary to multiply the average daily values by an Annualization factor. The Annualization factor used in bus O\&M cost analysis is 299; the annualization factor used in rail O\&M cost analysis is 349. This is consistent with Metro Transit guidelines.

### 1.1 Southwest LRT Project Results

The calculation of the light rail vehicles or cars required for the various Build alternatives is displayed in Table 3-3.

Table 3-3 Southwest Light Rail Vehicle Fleet


|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text {-i } \\ & \text { ن्ల } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Southwest Peak Cars | 16 | 18 | 26 | 24 |  |
| Peak Cars + 15\% spare | 19 | 21 | 30 | 28 |  |

The annual revenue train hours and annual revenue car miles for each of the Build alternatives is displayed in Table 3-4.

Table 3-4 Annual Train Hours/ Car Miles


The O\&M cost for each alternative is calculated by applying the operating characteristics, described in Tables 3-3 and 3-4, to the variable cost drives described in Table 3-2. The resulting O\&M costs are summarized in Table 3-5 through 3-9.

Table 3-5 2008 O\&M Costs for LRT 1A

| Variable | Assigned Costs | Units | Unit Cost | \% of Total |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Annual Revenue Car-Miles | $\$ 4,152,209$ | $2,151,404$ | $\$$ | 1.93 |
| Annual Revenue Train Hours | $\$ 3,835,386$ | 38,958 | $\$$ | 98.45 |
| Peak Cars | $\$ 796,880$ | 16 | $\$ 49,805.00$ | $20 \%$ |
| Directional Track-Miles | $\$ 3,782,514$ | 27.52 | $\$ 137,446.00$ | $4 \%$ |
| Stations | $\$ 2,860,130$ | 14 | $\$ 204,295.00$ | $19 \%$ |
| Maintenance Yards | $\$ 1,389,812$ | 19 | $\$ 73,148.00$ | $15 \%$ |
| Fixed | $\$ 2,737,640$ | LS | $\$ 2,737,640.00$ | $7 \%$ |
| Total | $\$ 19,554,571$ |  |  | $14 \%$ |

Table 3-6 2008 O\&M Costs for LRT 3A

| Variable | Assigned Costs | Units | Unit Cost |  | \% of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual Revenue Car-Miles | \$ 4,764,780 | 2,468,798 | \$ | 1.93 | 21\% |
| Annual Revenue Train Hours | \$ 4,646,718 | 47,199 | \$ | 98.45 | 20\% |
| Peak Cars | \$ 896,490 | 18 | \$ | 49,805.00 | 4\% |
| Directional Track-Miles | \$ 4,340,545 | 31.58 | \$ | 137,446.00 | 19\% |
| Stations | \$ 3,473,015 | 17 | \$ | 204,295.00 | 15\% |
| Maintenance Yards | \$ 1,536,108 | 21 | \$ | 73,148.00 | 7\% |
| Fixed | \$ 3,094,261 | LS | \$ | 3,094,261.00 | 14\% |
| Total | \$ 22,751,917 |  |  |  | 100\% |

Table 3-7 2008 O\&M Costs for LRT 3C-1

| Variable | Assigned Costs | Units | Unit Cost | $\%$ of Total |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Annual Revenue Car-Miles | $\$ 5,031,568$ | $2,607,030$ | $\$$ | 1.93 |
| Annual Revenue Train Hours | $\$ 5,826,837$ | 59,186 | $\$$ | 98.45 |
| Peak Cars | $\$ 1,294,930$ | 26 | $\$$ | $49,805.00$ |
| Directional Track-Miles | $\$ 4,563,207$ | 33.20 | $\$ 8137,446.00$ | $22 \%$ |
| Stations | $\$ 4,085,900$ | 20 | $\$ 204,295.00$ | $17 \%$ |
| Maintenance Yards | $\$ 2,194,440$ | 30 | $\$$ | $73,148.00$ |
| Fixed | $\$ 3,743,678$ | LS | $\$ 3,743,678.00$ | $15 \%$ |
| Total | $\$ 26,740,560$ |  |  | $8 \%$ |

Table 3-8 2008 O\&M Costs for LRT 3C-2

| Variable | Assigned Costs | Units | Unit Cost |  | \% of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual Revenue Car-Miles | \$5,129,909 | 2,657,984 | \$ | 1.93 | 18\% |
| Annual Revenue Train Hours | \$6,018,606 | 61,134 | \$ | 98.45 | 21\% |
| Peak Cars | \$1,195,320 | 24 | \$ | 49,805.00 | 4\% |
| Directional Track-Miles | \$4,673,164 | 34 | \$ | 137,446.00 | 16\% |
| Stations | \$5,720,260 | 28 | \$ | 204,295.00 | 20\% |
| Maintenance Yards | \$2,048,144 | 28 | \$ | 73,148.00 | 7\% |
| Fixed | \$4,034,833 | LS | \$ | 4,034,833.00 | 14\% |
| Total | \$28,820,236 |  |  |  | 100\% |

Table 3-9 Southwest LRT 2008 O\&M Costs

| Alternatives | 2008 O \& M Cost | Cost per train mile of <br> Service | Cost per train revenue <br> mile of service |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alternative 1A | $\$ 19,554,571$ | $\$ 18.18$ | $\$ 501.94$ |
| Alternative 3A | $\$ 22,751,917$ | $\$ 21.15$ | $\$ 482.04$ |
| Alternative 3C-1 | $\$ 26,740,560$ | $\$ 20.51$ | $\$ 451.81$ |
| Alternative 3C-2 | $\$ 28,820,236$ | $\$ 21.69$ | $\$ 471.43$ |

### 1.2 System Wide O\&M Costs

System wide O\&M costs for the 2030 operating transit networks, including bus and all rail lines, are calculated in 2008 dollars utilizing the variable cost drivers stated in Tables 3-1 and 3-2.

Table 3-10 summarizes the average weekday vehicle hours and miles of travel for the Baseline or Transportation System Management (TSM) and the four Build alternatives as derived from the Metropolitan Council's travel forecast model. The forecast utilizes the May 1, 2009 socio/economic and demographic data and the 2030 transportation networks.

Table 3-10 System Wide Vehicle Miles and Vehicle Hours of Operation

|  | TSM |  | 1A |  | 3A |  | 3C-1 |  | 3C-2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Vehicle Hours of Travel | Vehicle Miles of Travel | Vehicle Hours of Travel | Vehicle Miles of Travel | Vehicle Hours of Travel | Vehicle Miles of Travel | Vehicle Hours of Travel | Vehicle Miles of Travel | Vehicle Hours of Travel | Vehicle Miles of Travel |
| Off peak Bus | 5,015 | 77,035 | 4,943 | 75,313 | 4,947 | 75,390 | 4,930 | 75,123 | 4,940 | 75,394 |
| Peak -Bus | 4,921 | 87,945 | 4,871 | 86,803 | 4,875 | 86,879 | 4,864 | 86,708 | 4,859 | 86,640 |
| Off peak rail | 176 | 3,360 | 231 | 5,094 | 242 | 5,345 | 259 | 5,442 | 262 | 5,522 |
| Peak -rail | 150 | 3,102 | 191 | 4,423 | 200 | 4,621 | 213 | 4,688 | 215 | 4,749 |
| Daily - Bus | 9,937 | 164,979 | 9,814 | 162,116 | 9,822 | 162,270 | 9,794 | 161,831 | 9,800 | 162,035 |
| Daily - rail | 326 | 6,462 | 422 | 9,517 | 442 | 9,965 | 472 | 10,130 | 477 | 10,272 |

Table 3-11 displays the System Wide Annual Bus O\&M Costs in 2008 dollars. The following factors are used in these calculations:

- Unit Costs per Table 3-1
- Annualization Factor of 299
- Peak Buses assumes 1 bus for each 39,000 annual miles of service
- Variable costs $=80 \%$ total costs

Table 3-11 System Wide Annual Bus O\&M Costs

|  | TSM |  | 1A |  | 3A |  | 3C-1 | 3C-2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bus Miles | 49,328,755 |  | 48,472,568 |  | 48,518,603 |  | 48,387,417 |  | 48,448,343 |
| Unit Cost | \$ 3.01 | \$ | 3.01 | \$ | 3.01 | \$ | 3.01 | \$ | 3.01 |
| Annual Revenue Miles Cost | \$ 148,479,553 | \$ | 145,902,428 | \$ | 146,040,996 | \$ | 145,646,125 | \$ | 145,829,514 |
| Bus Hourt 15\% Layover | 3,416,830 |  | 3,374,542 |  | 3,377,303 |  | 3,367,834 |  | 3,369,608 |
| Unit Cost | \$ 48.20 | \$ | 48.20 | \$ | 48.20 | \$ | 48.20 | \$ | 48.20 |
| Annual Bus Hours Cost | \$ 143,209,755 | \$ | 141,437,330 | \$ | 141,553,043 | \$ | 141,156,184 | \$ | 41,230,518 |
| Peak Buses | 1,281 |  | 1,263 |  | 1,263 |  | 1,261 |  | 1,262 |
| Fleet Costs | \$ 5,169,764 | \$ | 44,385,764 | \$ | 44,427,918 | \$ | 44,307,792 | \$ | 44,363,582 |
| Variable Cost Subtotal | \$ 336,859,072 | \$ | 331,725,522 | \$ | 332,021,957 | \$ | 331,110,101 | \$ | 331,423,614 |
| Gen admin 20\% | \$ 84,214,768 | \$ | 82,931,380 | \$ | 83,005,489 | \$ | 82,777,525 | \$ | 82,855,903 |
| Bus Total | \$ 421,073,841 | \$ | 414,656,902 | \$ | 415,027,446 | \$ | 413,887,626 | \$ | 414,279,517 |

Table 3-12 displays the System Wide Rail O\&M Costs in 2008 dollars. The following factors are used in these calculations:

- Unit costs per Table 3-2
- Average Daily volumes per Table 3-10
- Annualization Factor of 349
- Peak Cars equal 50 cars for Hiawatha LRT and Central Corridor plus the peak cars for the Build alternatives from Table 3-3
- Direction Track miles equals 43 miles for Hiawatha LRT and Central Corridor lines plus the directional track miles for the Build alternatives from Tables 3-5 through 3-8
- Stations equals 33 for the Hiawatha LRT and Central Corridor lines plus the stations for Southwest LRT Build alternatives from Tables 3-5 through 3-8
- VMSF assumes a cost per facility of $\$ 1,755,556$ and that Southwest LRT Build project will require one additional facility.
- Variable costs account for $86 \%$ of the total O\&M costs therefore the fixed costs are $14 \%$ of the total costs.

Table 3-12 System Wide Rail O\&M


| Variable Cost Units | TSM | 1 A | 3A | 3C-1 | 3C-2 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Fixed Cost @14\% of Total <br> Costs | $\$ 6,548,121$ | $\$ 9,333,683$ | $\$ 9,767,387$ | $\$ 10,197,055$ | $\$ 10,294,096$ |
| Total Rail O\&M | $\$ 46,772,292$ | $\$ 66,669,163$ | $\$ 69,767,047$ | $\$ 72,836,108$ | $\$ 73,529,255$ |

Table 3-13 summarizes the System Wide O\&M costs for the Baseline or TSM and four Build alternatives. This table also shows the 2008 costs escalated to 2015 dollars and the costs reported in the AA for the retained alternatives.

Table 3-13 System O\&M Costs

|  | TSM |  | 1A |  | 3A |  | 3C-1 |  | 3C-2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| System Wide Bus O\&M 2008 | \$ | 421,073,841 | \$ | 414,656,902 | \$ | 415,027,446 | \$ | 413,887,626 | \$ | 414,279,517 |
| System Wide Rail O\&M 2008 | \$ | 46,772,292 | \$ | 66,669,163 | \$ | 69,767,047 | \$ | 72,836,108 | \$ | 73,529,255 |
| Total System O\&M 2008 | \$ | 467,846,133 | \$ | 481,326,066 | \$ | 484,794,493 | \$ | 486,723,734 | \$ | 487,808,772 |
| Rail O\&M Cost per Train Revenue Mile | \$ | 20.74 | \$ | 20.07 | \$ | 20.06 | \$ | 20.60 | \$ | 20.51 |
| System Wide Costs/ Pass. Mile | \$ | 186.60 | \$ | 188.95 | \$ | 188.59 | \$ | 190.45 | \$ | 189.45 |
| Rail Operating Cost per Revenue Hour | \$ | 357.91 | \$ | 393.81 | \$ | 393.47 | \$ | 384.69 | \$ | 384.43 |

