# STATE OF MINNESOTA

#### **DISTRICT COURT**

### **COUNTY OF HENNEPIN**

#### FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

 (creditor)
_ (debtor)
 (financial institution)

### **IMPORTANT NOTICE:**

#### YOUR FUNDS HAVE BEEN LEVIED

The Creditor has frozen money in your account at your financial institution.

Your account balance is \$	
The amount being held is \$ _	

The amount being held will be frozen for 14 days from the date of this notice.

Some of your money in your account may be protected (the legal word is exempt).

You may be able to get it sooner than 14 days if you act quickly and follow the instructions on the next page.

The attached exemption form lists some different sources of money in your account that may be protected. If your money is from one or more of these sources, place a check on the line on the form next to the sources of your money. If it is from one of these sources, the Creditor cannot take it.

BUT, you must follow the instructions and return the exemption form and copies of your bank statements from the last 60 days to have the bank unfreeze your money.

If you do not follow the instructions, your financial institution will give the money to the Sheriff. If that happens and it is protected, you can still get it back from the Creditor later, but that is not as easy to do as filling in the form now.

See next pages for instructions and the exemption form.

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

**NOTE:** The creditor is who you owe the money to. You are the debtor.

1. Fill out **both** of the attached exemption forms in this packet.

If you check one of the lines, you should also give proof that shows some or all of the money in your account is from one or more of the protected sources. Creditors may ask for a hearing if they question your exemptions.

# To avoid a hearing:

Case numbers should be added to the form. Copies of documents should be sent with the form.

NOTICE: YOU MUST SEND TO THE CREDITOR'S ATTORNEY (OR TO THE CREDITOR, IF NO ATTORNEY) COPIES OF YOUR BANK STATEMENTS FOR THE PAST 60 DAYS BEFORE THE LEVY.

Keep a copy of your bank statements for yourself in case there are questions about your claim. If you do not send to the creditor's attorney (or to the creditor, if no attorney) bank statements with your exemption claim, the financial institution may release your money to the sheriff.

2.	SIGN the exemption forms. Make one copy to keep for yourself.
3.	Mail or deliver the other copies of the form by (insert date).
	BOTH COPIES MUST BE MAILED OR DELIVERED THE SAME DAY.
	One copy of the form and the copies of your bank statements go to:
	(Insert name of creditor or creditor's attorney)
	(Insert address of creditor or creditor's attorney)
	One copy of just the exemption form goes to:
	One copy of just the exemption form goes to.
	(Insert name of bank)
	(Insert address of bank)

# **HOW THE PROCESS WORKS**

# If You Do Not Send in the Exemption Form and Bank Statements:

14 days after the date of this letter some or all of your money may be turned over to the creditor or the sheriff.

# If You Send in the Exemption Form and Bank Statements:

Any money that is NOT protected can be turned over to the sheriff.

### • If the Creditor Does Not Object:

The financial institution will unfreeze your money six business days after the institution gets your completed form.

## • If the Creditor Objects:

The money you have said is protected on the form will be held by the bank. The creditor has six business days to object (disagree) and ask the court to hold a hearing. You will receive a Notice of Objection and a Notice of Hearing.

The financial institution will hold the money until a court decides whether your money is protected or not. Some reasons a creditor may object are because you did not send copies of your bank statements or other proof of the benefits you received. Be sure to include these when you send your exemption form.

You may want to talk to a lawyer for advice about this process. If you are low income you can call Legal Aid.

#### **PENALTIES:**

If you claim that your money is protected and a court decides you made that claim in bad faith, the court can order you to pay costs, actual damages, attorney fees, and an additional amount of up to \$100. For example, it may be bad faith if you claim you receive government benefits that you do not receive.

If the creditor made a bad faith objection to your claim that your money is protected, the court can order them to pay costs, actual damages, attorney fees, and an additional amount of up to \$100.

(creditor)	)
(debtor)	
(financial	l institution)
EXEMPTIO	ON FORM
A. HOW MUCH MONEY IS PROTECTED	
I claim ALL of the money being frozen by the bank	is protected
I claim SOME of the money is protected. The amou	unt I claim is protected is: \$
B. WHY THE MONEY IS PROTECED	
My money is protected because I get it from one (check all that apply)	or more of the following places:
Government Benefits: Government benefits inclu (check all that apply)	ude, but are not limited to, the following:
MFIP – MN family investment program	MSA – Minnesota supplemental assistance
MFIP DWP – Diversionary Work Program	MSA FA – MSA emergency assistance
Work participation cash benefit	Food Support
GA – general assistance	SSI – Supplemental Security Income
EA – emergency assistance or county crisis funds	MinnesotaCare
MA – medical assistance	Medicare part B premium payments
GAMC – general assistance medical care	Medicare part D extra help
EGA – emergency general assistance	Energy or fuel assistance
LIST THE CASE NUMBER AND COUNTY	
Case Number:	
County:	
2. Government benefits also include: (check all the	at apply)
If you receive any of these government benefits what benefits you receive.	s, include copies of documents you have that show
Social Security benefits	Worker's compensation
Unemployment benefits	Veterans benefits

3.	Other assistance based on need	
	You may have assistance based on need from another source that is not on the list. If you do, check this line, and fill in the source of your money in the line below.	
	Source:	
	Include copies of any document that shows the source of this money.	
4.	EARNINGS. ALL or SOME of your earnings (WAGES) may also be protected.	
á	a. ALL of your earnings (wages) are protected if: (check all that apply)	
	You get government benefits (see list of government benefits)	
	You currently receive other assistance based on need	
	You have received government benefits in the last six months	
	You were in jail or prison in the last six months	
	If you check one of these lines, your wages are only protected for 60 days after they are deposited in your account so you MUST send the creditor a copy of BANK STATEMENTS that show what was in your account for the 60 days right before the bank froze your money.	
ŀ	o. SOME of your earnings (wages) are protected.	
	If all of your earnings are not exempt, then some of your earnings are still protected for 20 days after they were deposited in your account.  The amount protected is the LARGER amount of: (check one)	
	75 percent of your wages (after taxes are taken out); or \$7.25 (the current minimum wage) multiplied by 40 which equals \$290 for each week of wages deposited in your account within the past 20 days.	
5.	OTHER EXEMPT FUNDS	
	The money from the following are also completely protected after they are deposited in your account.	
	An accident, disability, or retirement pension or annuity	
	Payments to you from a life insurance policy.	
	Earnings of your child who is under 18 years of age	
	Child support	
	Money paid to you from a claim for damage or destruction of property  Property includes household goods, farm tools or machinery, tools for your job, business equipment, a mobile home, a car, a musical instrument, a pew or burial lot, clothes, furniture, or appliances.	
	Death benefits paid to you	

I give permission to any agency that has given me cash benefits to give information about my benefits to the above-named creditor, or its attorney. The information will **ONLY** concern whether I get benefits or not, or whether I have gotten them in the past six months.

If I was an inmate in the last six months, I give my permission to the correctional institution to tell the above-named creditor that I was an inmate there.

YOU MUST SIGN AND SEND THIS FORM BACK TO THE CRIDITOR'S ATTORNEY (OR TO THE CREDITOR, IF NO ATTORNEY) AND THE BANK.

REMEMBER TO INCLUDE A COPY OF YOUR BANK STATEMENTS FOR THE PAST 60 DAYS TO YOUR CREDITOR'S ATTORNEY (OR CREDITOR, IF NO ATTORNEY).

FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW AND GO BACK TO THE INSTRUCTIONS TO MAKE SURE YOU DO IT CORRECTLY.

I have mailed or delivered a copy of this form to:				
(Insert name of creditor or creditor's attorney)				
(Inse	ert address of creditor or creditor's attorney)			
I have also mailed or delivered a copy	of this exemption form to my bank at the address listed in the instructions.			
DATED:	(Sign your name here)			
	(Print your name here)			
DEBTOR ADDRESS: _				
_	(Print your address here)			
DEBTOR TELEPHONE:				